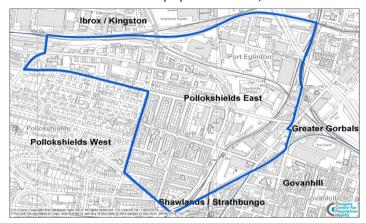
## **Children and Young People's Profile for Pollokshields East**



Pollokshields East has a population of 2,707 children and young people (aged 0-24 years).



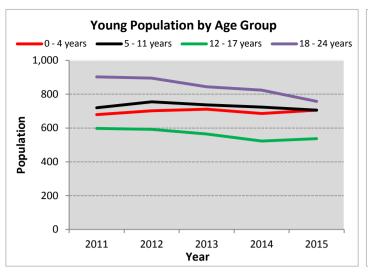


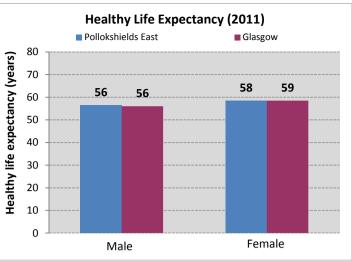
## **Neighbourhood Comparisons with Glasgow**

The proportion of school age children in Pollokshields East is markedly higher than Glasgow as a whole. 70% of under 25s are from a minority ethnic group. 90% of children live within 400m of green space. The neighbourhood has fewer referrals to the Scottish Children's Reporter Administration (-50%) but more overcrowding (+104%) than Glasgow overall. S4 pupil attainment is slightly lower (-1%) than the Glasgow average and 91% of children leaving school go onto a positive destination (higher/further education, employment or training). Likely development difficulties in pre-school children are lower than the Glasgow average (-15%) but communication delay in young children is higher than average (+6%).

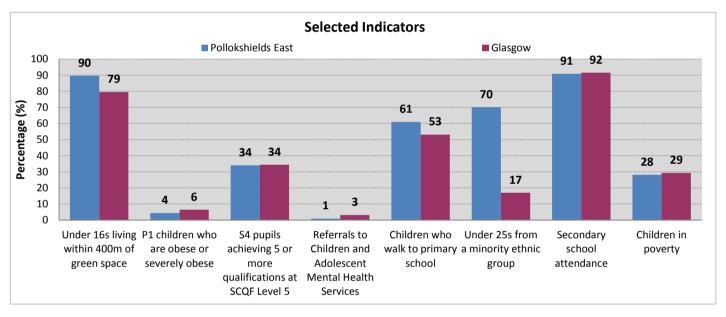
Domain	Indicator	Count	Rate	Difference from Glasgow		Period
Demography	Population aged 0 to 4	706	9%		+51%	2015
	Population aged 5 to 11	706	9%		+32%	2015
	Population aged 12 to 17	537	7%		+21%	2015
	Population aged 18 to 24	758	9%		-20%	2015
	Birth rate (per 1,000 pop'n)	168	20.7		+70%	2013
	Under 25s from a minority ethnic group	2,038	70%		+314%	2011
Infant Health	Infants who sleep in the supine position	93	83%		-10%	2015
	Babies exposed to passive smoking	N/A	8%		-44%	2014/15
	Babies with birth weight below 2500g	14	3%		+26%	2013 - 2015
Culture and Environment	Children who walk to primary school	N/A	61%		+15%	2008 - 2015
	Under 16s living within 400m of green space	1,586	90%		+13%	2014
	P1 children who are obese or severely obese	N/A	4%		-32%	2012/13 - 2014/15
	Hospitalisations for dental treatment (per 1,000 pop'n under 16)	29	16.4		+23%	2014
Crime and Safety	Referrals to Scottish Children's Reporter Administration <sup>6</sup>	16	1%		-50%	2015/16
	Offenders (per 1,000 pop'n aged 8 to 18)	24	24.6		-17%	2015/16
	Victims of crime (per 1,000 pop'n aged 8 to 18)	17	17.4		-17%	2015/16
	Emergency hospitalisations due to assault (per 1,000 pop'n under 25)	N/A	0.6		-54%	2010/11 - 2014/15
	Emergency hospitalisations for unintentional injuries (per 1,000 pop'n under 15)	N/A	8.1		-20%	2010/11 - 2014/15
Socio- Economic	Children in poverty	610	28%		-4%	2013
	Lone parent households	244	25%		-37%	2011
	Overcrowded households with children	432	37%		+104%	2011
Learning and Education	Children with communication delay at 27 to 30 months	67	25%		+6%	
	S4 pupils achieving 5 or more qualifications at SCQF Level 5	35	34%		-1%	
	Secondary school attendance	N/A	91%		-1%	
	School leavers with a positive destination	84	91%		+2%	2013
	16 to 19 year olds not in employment, education or training	84	19%		-30%	2012
Health and Wellbeing	Pre-school children with likely development difficulties	N/A	6%		-15%	
	Referrals to Children and Adolescent Mental Health Services	16	1%		-71%	2015/16
	Male healthy life expectancy (years)	N/A	56.4		+1%	2011
	Female healthy life expectancy (years)	N/A	58.4		-0%	2011
	Under 25s whose day-to-day activities are limited by disability	157	5%		-9%	2011

## **Neighbourhood Trends**





The number of 18-24 year olds in Pollokshields East has decreased by 16% since 2011, while the number of 0-4 year olds has increased by 4%. Healthy life expectancy for males is on a par with the Glasgow average and is 1 year lower for females.



Pupil attainment in Pollokshields East is on a par with the Glasgow average, while child poverty and P1 obesity levels are slightly lower. More children than average live in proximity to green space and more primary school children walk to school when compared with the Glasgow average. Secondary school attendance and referrals to children and adolescent mental health services are lower than Glasgow overall while the proportion of children and young people from minority ethnic groups is much higher.

## Notes

- 1. Data sources: Census 2011, GCPH, Glasgow City Council, HMRC Child Poverty Unit, ISD Scotland, National Records of Scotland (NRS), Transport Scotland, Sustrans, Police Scotland, the Scotlish Government and the Urban Big Data Centre, Glasgow University.
- 2. Indicators are aggregated using latest available datazone (2001 or 2011); neighbourhood boundaries based on 2001 datazones.
- 3. All count figures of less than 5 (denoted as '< 5') have been suppressed to avoid any potential identification.
- 4. Populations presented in the population trend chart, also used to calculate healthy life expectancy estimates, use NRS small area population estimates for the years 2011 2015.
- 5. 'Healthy life expectancy' is an estimate of the average number of years people are likely to spend in good health. It is shorter than 'life expectancy' because it excludes years likely to be spent in fair or poor health. It is calculated using population estimates, death registrations and self-assessed health from the 2011 Census.
- 6. Denotes children referred to the Scottish Children's Reporter Administration for an offence or non-offence related reason.
- 7. A notes and definitions document providing further information on the indicators presented in the profile can be found in the Profiles section of www.understandingglasgow.com/profiles.